





EUROPE'S FIRST MAJOR GREEN HYDROGEN CORRIDOR

European context

Decarbonisation goals in the EU



| Green Deal | Fit for 55 | REPowerEU |
|--|--|---|
| Roadmap to a climate- neutral EU by 2050. | Package of measures to reduce emissions by at least 55% by 2030. | European plan to reduce dependence on Russia and accelerate the energy transition. |
| | | The focus of H2 demand is on sectors that are difficult to decarbonise, such as industry and transport |

2030 target: 20MT (10 domestic + 10 import) of hydrogen consumption in EU



H2MED potential and benefits for Europe





Socio-economic

- Industrial development
- Innovation development
- Investment attraction

Energy and environmental

- Emissions reductions
- Air quality improvement
- Renewables promotion
- Contribution to national objectives



Social indicators

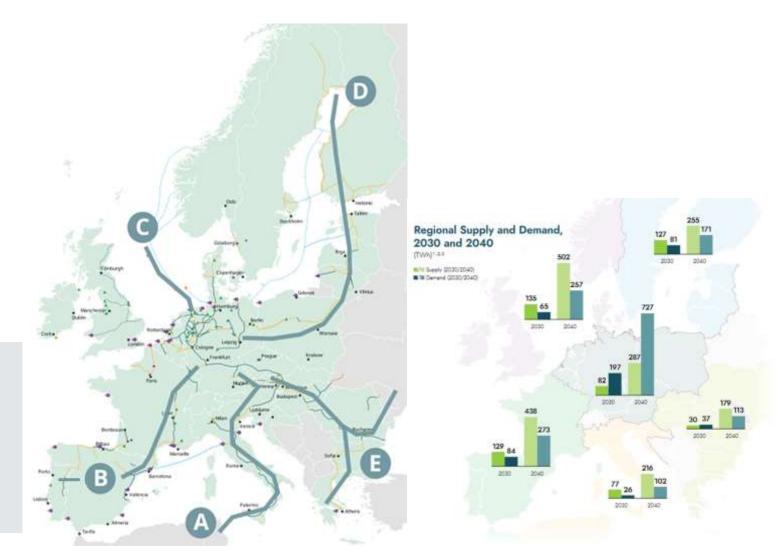
- Just transition
- Employment
- Contribution to local economies
- Sustainable development goals



REPowerEU Corridors

The cost of H2 transmission by pipeline over long distances is 2 to 4 times lower than transmitting electricity over high-voltage lines

- Decarbonisation
- European solidarity
- Europe's energy sovereignty, independence and autonomy





Where we come from, where we're going

October 20th agreement between France, Portugal and Spain



Project delimitation

- Cross-border projects
- Celorico-Zamora, Barcelona-Marseille



Identification of other key actors

 Joint initiative by TSOs from Spain, France and Portugal





Technical

- Conceptual study to confirm the technical feasibility of the project
- Analysis of the alternative routes identifying the optimal route
- Main data for the project
- Cost estimation

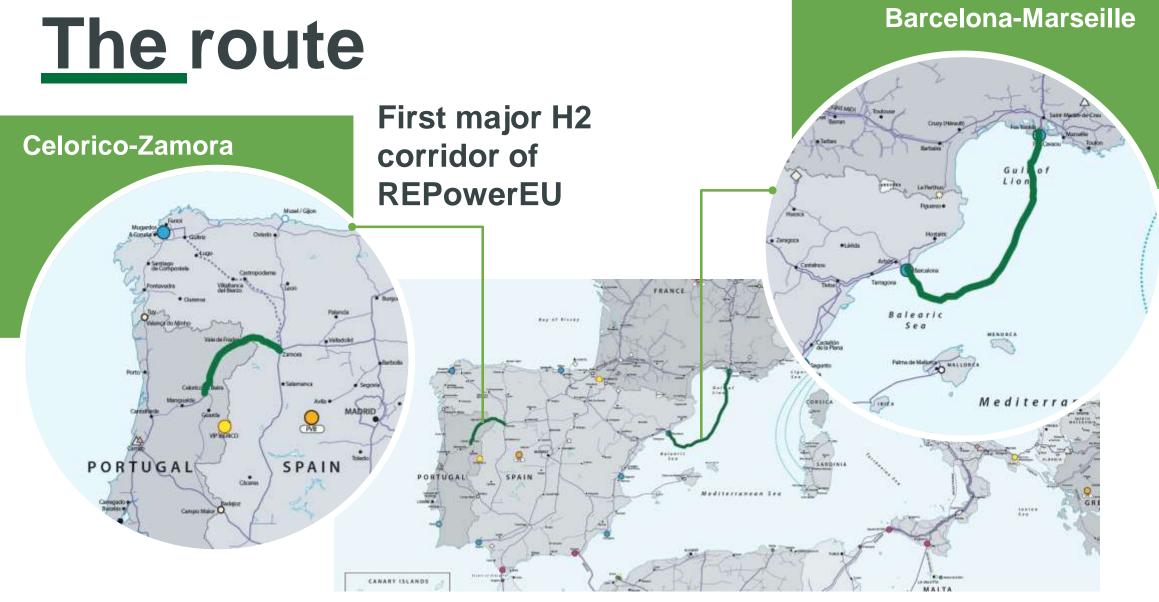
Financing

• Definition of coordinated actions to obtain funds, with a focus on European Union funds

Schedule and others regulatory issues

- Roadmap until 2030
- Focus on domestic H2 production
- Analysis of the adequacy of the applicable
 national and European regulatory frameworks

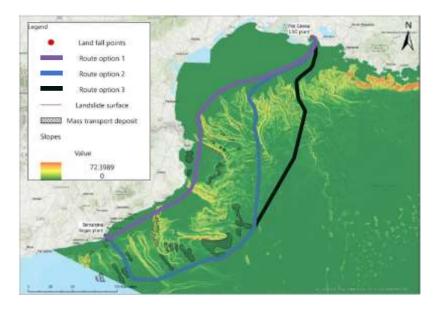




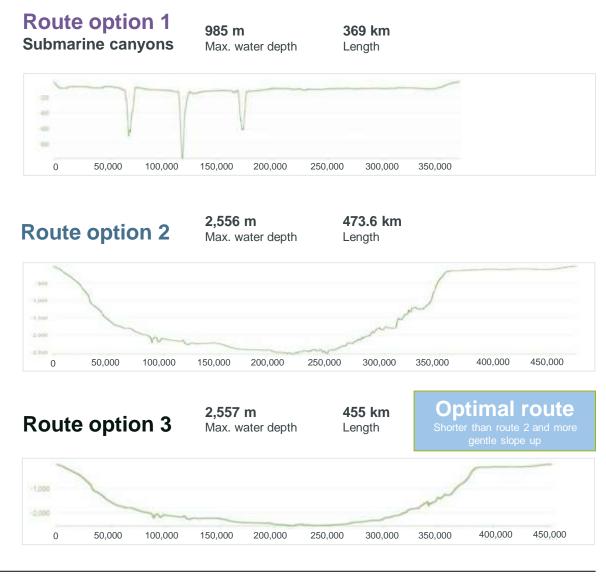


The route: Barcelona-Marseille

Alternative route analysis







Depth (m)

Length (m)





H2MED will be able to transport

10%

of expected H2 consumption in Europe by 2030. Of the 20 MT of H2 consumption expected in Europe in 2030, this corridor will be able to transport 2 MT

Technical specifications

| | Celorico-Zamora | Barcelona-Marseille |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Pipeline | Length: 248 km (POR: 162, SP: 86) Diameter: 28" Operating pressure: 84 bar | Length: 455 km Diameter: 28" Maximum depth: 2,600 m Operating pressure: 210 bar |
| Compressor station | Zamora (ensures Hydeal pressure of 100 bar): • Power: 12.6 MW • Configuration: 1+1 | Barcelona: • Power: 140 MW • Configuration: 3+1 |
| Maximum transmission capacity | 0.75 MTPA H2 | 2 MTPA H2 |
| Budget | ≈ 350 million euros | ≈ 2.5 billion euros |
| Execution period | 48 months (including permitting estimated at 26 months) | 56 months (including permitting estimated at 26 months) |



Corporate governance

During development phase

Celorico-Zamora

Separate Ownership. Each TSO responsible for the construction and operation of the infrastructure in their own country

Barcelona-Marseille

Consortium for Development Phase

- Joint Development Agreement (JDA) to be signed between the TSO/HNOs promoters of the infrastructure: Enagás, Teréga and GRTgaz
- **Development Phase** will include the elaboration of the Pre-feasibility studies, Engineering and documentation for Authorizations and permits



Financing

≈ 2.5 billion euros

Preliminary cost estimation of the project, to be confirmed by future cost analysis studies Preliminary technical studies ≈ 35 €M* (Explore Commission funding) European funds: CEF-E programme for projects (up to 50%)

Open Seasons

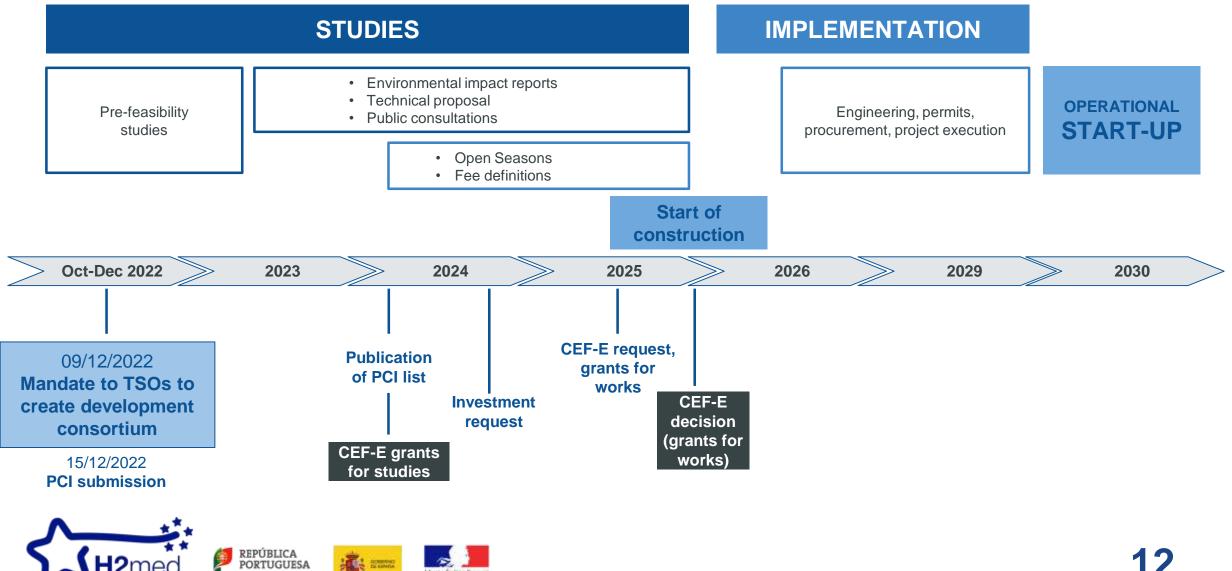
Cross-border cost allocation. The Infrastructure Regulation provides for mechanisms to allocate the costs of PCIs to the beneficiary countries by mutual agreement

Fees

* 15 €M until mid-2024, pending definition of possible financing sources (EC/Member States)



<u>Roadmap</u>



REPUBLICIES FRANCAISE

YOU CONTRACTOR STRUCTURE

Next steps. Proposals for conclusion

- Acknowledge quality of preliminary studies carried by the consortium
- 2 Ensure the project is closely monitored in the High level Group meetings regarding interconnections in South West Europe
- 3

Support the objective of co-constructing a high quality green hydrogen project that could pretend to become a project of common interest (PCI)

Work on regulation and finance

- Agree on the necessity of future work to ensure stable regulatory framework which facilitates the implementation of the Barmar project
- Underline the needs to find co-financing by the European Union as soon as 2023 for the preliminary studies and validate the principle to agree very soon on the detailed work program and the budget of the first phase studies (15 M€)

Next steps. Work program

- Close follow-up of the work program presented by the TSOs for 2023
- Work to be done to develop production of H2 in partner countries (taking into account the study that will be launched by the European Commission with the three countries)









